

Variant 1

A. Выберите ОДИН правильный вариант из предложенных ответов.

1. **Do you know the place? - Of course. I ... there.**
A) used lived B) used to live C) used live
D) used to living
2. **After ... the museum, we walked back to the hotel.**
A) visiting B) visit C) to visit D) visited
3. **I would like ... on a cruise.**
A) going B) go C) to go D) gone
4. **We ... for health care in our country. It's completely free.**
A) mustn't pay B) don't have to pay
C) haven't to pay D) must pay
5. **This is their e-mail address, isn't it? - Yes, and the fax number is ... too.**
A) their B) theirs C) themselves D) of them
6. **Something is wrong with the watch. Can you repair ...?**
A) them B) they C) it D) its
7. **There aren't ... computers in our house.**
A) any B) no C) some D) the
8. **He stayed in all evening waiting, but ... came.**
A) somebody B) no one C) anyone D) any
9. **It was a pleasure to meet ... interesting people.**
A) so much B) such C) such a D) so
10. **I can't find my suitcase. I think it**
A) was stole B) was being stolen
C) has been stolen D) stole
11. **The old man ... to hospital after the house was burgled.**
A) was taken B) took C) is taken D) had taken
12. **We can't use the sports hall yet because it**
A) is still being built B) is still built
C) is still building D) has still been building
13. **If I had more time, I ... my grandparents in their village every weekend.**
A) would have visited B) used to visit
C) will visit D) would visit
14. **Mr Thomas ... the job if he hadn't given such a good presentation.**
A) would have got B) hadn't got
C) wouldn't get D) wouldn't have got
15. **If we put our car in the garage, nobody ... it.**
A) touch B) will touch C) touches
D) is touching
16. **I really wish that I ... with my best friend about taking things from the office.**
A) had quarreled B) hadn't quarreled
C) quarreled D) didn't quarrel
17. **He said he ... me the next day.**
A) will see B) is seeing
C) would have seen D) would see
18. **We ... this occasion in our region for over five hundred years.**
A) have been celebrating B) are celebrating
C) used to celebrate D) will be celebrating
19. **Now I know what you**
A) are meaning B) are meant C) mean D) meaning
20. **She ... six different jobs since she left school.**
A) had had B) is having C) has
D) has had
21. **All the guests ... here in fifteen minutes. Is all the food ready?**
A) will B) is going to be
C) will be D) are
22. **As soon as she came in, I knew I ... her before.**
A) have seen B) saw C) had seen
D) have been seeing
23. **The phone rang while I ... dinner.**
A) had B) was having C) had had
D) have been having
24. **The news ... so shocking.**
A) are B) was C) have been D) were
25. **She spoke to ... person at the party.**
A) every B) a few C) few D) many

B. Задайте по одному вопросу к данным предложениям.

26. You've read the instructions. (общий)
27. You will be angry. (специальный, Why)
28. They have to work hard. (альтернативный)
29. There was a lot of noise. (разделительный)
30. They're watching the house. (к подлежащему)

C. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 31–39, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста.

Pablo Picasso

Many people realized that Pablo Picasso was a genius but he disappointed those who wanted **31.** _____ **HE** to become a traditional painter. He was always breaking the rules of artistic traditions and shocked

public with his strange and powerful pictures. He is probably **32.____ GOOD** known for his 'Cubist' pictures, which used only simple geometric shapes. His paintings of people often **33.____ MAKE** up of triangles and squares with their features in the wrong place. His work changed our ideas about art and, nowadays, to millions of people modern art **34.____ MEAN** the work of Picasso.

George Bernard Shaw

George Bernard Shaw, an outstanding Irish playwright and critic, **35.____ BEAR** in Dublin on July 26, 1856 to a poor protestant family.

Later the family **36.____ MOVE** to London. There he started writing novels and plays. Between 1892 and 1930 he **37.____ WRITE** over twenty plays, both tragedies and comedies. One of the **38.____ POPULAR** plays is 'Pygmalion'. In many countries of the world this play always **39.____ BE** a great success with the public.

D. Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 40–45, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста.

Difficult Problems

The use of animals for **40.____ SCIENCE** purposes is a difficult ethical problem. Many people owe their lives to modern drugs or surgical techniques that first were tested on animals. Some of these **41.____ DEVELOP** would not have been possible without animal experiments. People who campaign for animal rights are usually young and **42.____ HEALTH**, and have not yet needed the benefits of medical progress. Perhaps it is ethically **43.____ ACCEPT** to sacrifice animals for the sake of medical research, as long as the animals do not suffer. But that **44.____ THEORY** point of view rises another difficult question: what can be considered as **45.____ SUFFER**?

Е. Напишите личное письмо (10 баллов).

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Timothy.

...It's my third week at the language school. The programmes are full and very interesting, but most of the learning is done in the classrooms. I can't say that I'm disappointed, but I'd like to have more practice and experience the language culture outside the classrooms.

How do you study English? Where do you practise it? Do you think that it's necessary to go abroad to develop your language skills?...

Write him a letter and answer his 3 questions. Write **100—120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.